## RESTORATIVE

| Satin Steel XTS |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Composite Instruments | G2 |
| Composite/Plastic Filling Instruments | G7 |
| Anodized Aluminum Composite |  |
| Instruments | G13 |
| Hatchets | G15 |
| Chisels \& Hoes | G16 |
| Excavators | G18 |
| Placement Instruments | G20 |
| Amalgam Carriers | G 21 |
| Pluggers/Condensers | $\mathrm{G22}$ |
| Amalgam Files \& | $\mathrm{G27}$ |
| Articulating Paper Forceps |  |
| Carvers |  |

## RESTORATIVE SET-UPS

TOTAL RESTORATIVE SET-UP
(COMPOSITE, CROWN \& BRIDGE, AMALGAM)
| IMRESTOR

| DESCRIPTION | SUGGESTION |
| :---: | :---: |
| Large IMS Infinity Series ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ 16 Instrument Cassette, Yellow | IMN4165 |
| Satin Steel Mirror Handle | MH6 |
| 5 Front Surface Mouth Mirror, 3 pack | MIR5/3 |
| 23/CP-12 Color-Coded Expro, Satin Steel Handle | XP23/126 |
| 18 Excavator, Satin Steel Handle | EXC186 |
| 113 Serrated Gingival Cord Packer, Satin Steel Handle | GCP1136 |
| Calcium Hydroxide Placement Instrument, Satin Steel Handle | PICH6 |
| 0/1 Marquette Condenser, Satin Steel Handle | PLGO/16 |
| 1/2 BIk Condenser, Satin Steel Handle | PLG1/26 |
| Regular/Large CFII Amalgam Carrier | AC5202 |
| 3/6 Discoid-Cleoid Carver, Satin Steel Handle | CD3/66 |
| 8 Wiland Carver, Satin Steel Handle | CVWI86 |
| 1/2-3 Hollenback Carver, <br> Satin Steel Handle | CVHL1/26 |
| IPC Interproximal XTS Carver | TNCVIPC |
| 2 Goldstein Flexi-Thin XTS ${ }^{\circledR}$ Composite Instrument | TNCIGFT2 |
| 3 Goldstein Flexi-Thin XTS Composite Instrument | TNCIGFT3 |
| 27/29 Burnisher, Satin Steel Handle | BB27/296 |
| 24 Spatula, Satin Steel Handle | CS246 |
| 2 College Dressing Pliers | DP2 |
| Miller Articulating Paper Forceps | APF2 |
| Curved Iris Scissors | S18 |
| CW Aspirating Anesthetic Syringe | SYRCW |
| Amalgam Well | WA |
| Bur Cushion Short Lid, Holds 12 | IMS-1372S |
| Hinged Instrument Clips, 2 | IM1000 |
| A/W Syringe Tip Clip | IM1005 |

## 参

 *)

Hu-Friedy EverEdge instruments are designed to provide clinicians with armamentarium that is consistently sharp, ensuring efficiency and more predictable clinical outcomes. EverEdge technology, now available in key Surgical and Restorative product categories, provides a superior cutting edge for increased clinician and patient comfort.

## SINGLE END

\#8 ResinEight
\#7 Satin Steel Colours
\#6 Satin Steel


Carpal Tunnel Syndrome Prevention: Neurologists recommend alternating instrument handle sizes as one means of reducing stress. Larger diameter handles (\#6, \#7, \#8 and \#9) help lighten instrument grasp. Using a combination of various handle sizes plus a more relaxed grasp can help lessen the severity of the symptoms of Carpal Tunnel Syndrome.

Source: Gerwatowski, L.J., McFall, D.B., Stach, D.: Carpal Tunnel Syndrome; Risk Factors and Preventive Strategies for the Dental Hygienist. Journal of Dental Hygiene, February 1992.

HOW TO USE THIS SECTION

| Instrument name \& pattern <br> Black's formula | $\left[\begin{array}{l}8 / 9 \mathrm{H} \\ {[10-7-14]}\end{array}\right.$ |
| ---: | :--- |
| Part code of pictured instrument $-[\mid \mathrm{CP8/9H}$ |  |
| Available handle designs |  |\(\quad\left[\begin{array}{l}Handle options: <br>

\# 41, \# 6, \# 9\end{array}\right.\)

[^0]
## XTS ${ }^{\circledR}$ COMPOSITE INSTRUMENTS

Aluminum Titanium Nitride (AITiN) coating creates an extremely hard, smooth surface that resists scratching and sticking. The large, lightweight satin steel handle design is easy for clean-up while providing maximum comfort and control.


\#1
| TNCIGFT1

\#2
| TNCIGFT2

Small universal style with rounded plugger tip and a narrow paddle for initial placement and contouring of Class I, II, and III restorations.

\#6
Flexi-Thin
| TNCIGFT6

Large reverse angle tips make it easy to place fissures, grooves and pits creating the ideal occlusal anatomy in hard to reach posterior areas.


Micro-Mini
| TNCIPCS

Micro-Mini for extremely small pits and fissures.

\#3
Extra-Flex
| TNCIGFT3

Flexible, reversed, flared paddle design for shaping and placement of Class III and IV restorations.


Mini 1
| TNCIGFTMII

Mini version of the TNCIGFT1 for small pits and fissures, tunnel preparations or minor tooth defects on lower anteriors.


Mini 3 Extra-Flex | TNCIGFTMI3
 Extra-Flex
| TNCIGFTMI4

Mini version of the TNCIGFT3. Can also be used for packing gingival retraction cord. shaping material in difficult to access mesial and distal posterior restorations.


AB1
Boghosian
| TNPFIAB1

Unique combination of thin, knife-shaped blade with standard angled blade. Knife blade allows controlled, efficient manipulation of composite even in gingival areas. Application: Class III, IV, V


AB2
Boghosian
| TNPFIAB2

Used for measuring composite layers and shaping occlusal anatomy.


Interproximal Carver
| TNCVIPC

Extremely thin flexible blades are opposed for easy handling of composite materials and interproximal contouring. Application: Class III, IV, V


8A
| TNPFI8A

Use for packing gingival retraction cord, as well as to place and contour facial aspects.


Large, thin blades are opposed for adaptability to any situation, including veneers, where broad contouring or carving strokes are needed. Application: Class II, III, IV and V


4/5
Gregg
| TNPFIG4/5

Off-angled blades allow easy adaptability to mesial and distal surfaces of posterior teeth, providing increased interproximal access and better visibility of the working area. Application: Class II, V


Contouring Instrument | TNCFIR/L

Used for shaping of inclines, planes or developmental lobes for anterior and posterior restorations. The instrument has different angles of curvature on each end that provide a buccal and lingual orientation for posterior shaping or a facial and lingual orientation for anterior shaping.


21B
| TNBB21B

Acorn-shaped instrument for forming occlusal anatomy in posterior restorations.


27/29
| TNBB27/29

Used to blend material for final contouring, to achieve sculpting of areas like grooves, fissures or pits. Can also be used to form occlusal anatomy.


2
Ladmore
| TNBBL2
Medium to large rounded tips for condensing composite materials.


Small/Medium Ball Burnisher | Tnbbs/M

Used to direct and form the composite increments against the cavity wall. The shape conforms to the rounded cavity surfaces and allows ease of access into the rounded corners or junctions of the cavity surfaces to condense and shape the composite against the cavity wall.


3
Ladmore
| TNBBL3

Small to medium slightly rounded tips for condensing composite materials.


BB18
| TNBB18

Used to smooth and shape composite.


Freedman
"Duckhead"
| TNPCCI

Used to contour the convexity of the cusp ridge, developing the anatomy in a single motion.


Freedman Small Contact Forming | TNFCIS

Oval-shaped paired instrument designed to provide improved contact forming for small Class II Restorations.


Freedman
Large Contact
Forming
| TNFCIL

Oval-shaped paired instrument designed to provide improved contact forming for large Class II Restorations.

## GOLDFOGEL FREEHAND INSTRUMENTS

Available as an anterior kit (TNCANTSET)*, a posterior kit (TNCPOSSET)**
and a complete kit (TNCSET).***


A
Cosmetic Contouring
| TNCCIA

Identical, opposing, large, flexible, oval-shaped blades, straight and angled, for contouring composite material on larger facial surfaces of central incisors.


B
Cosmetic
Contouring
| Tnccib

Identical, opposing, spear-shaped blades, straight and angled, used for contouring composite material on smaller facial surfaces of central incisors.

F Cosmetic Contouring
| TNCCIF

Uniquely-shaped blades with curved and rounded tips for adding and shaping composite material on desired areas of facial incisors.



| D | Used when working near or at interproximal |
| :--- | :--- |
| Cosmetic | areas. Straight end compacts composite |
| Contouring | material, while sharp knife edge cuts composite |
| I TNCCID | to avoid bonding to adjacent tooth. |

to avoid bonding to adjacent tooth.


Marginal Ridge
\& Embrasure
Shaping Instrument

Allows formation of marginal ridges along with buccal and lingual embrasures while composite is uncured.
| TNCCIG


H
Occlusal
Anatomy Instrument
| TNCCIH

Designed to help attain proper occlusal form, function and improve marginal seal.


## E <br> Cosmetic Contouring

| TNCCIE

Small and medium curved blades for thinning and shaping composite material at the gingival areas.


I
Composite Packing Instrument
| TNCCII

Aids in forming a properly filled axial box and occlusal portion.

[^1]
## ANTERIOR KIT

## I TNANTKIT

Five specially designed anterior XTS Composite Instruments to be used for placing, condensing and carving composite materials. Available as a kit or individually.

\#3 Flexible, reversed, flared paddle
Extra-Flex
| TNCIGFT3 design for shaping and placement of Class III and IV restorations.


Mini 1
| TNCIGFTMI1
Mini version of the TNCIGFT1 for small pits and fissures, tunnel preparations or minor tooth defects on lower anteriors.


Micro-Mini
Micro-Mini for extremely small pits
| TNCIPCS and fissures.


Medium
Placing/
Condensing
| TNCIPCM
For small pits and fissures, as well as placement and condensing with limited access.


Large
Placing/ Condensing
| TNCIPCL

For final placement in Class I and II restorations. The larger, round ball end is used for condensing and shaping in Class I and II restorations and on lingual surfaces of anterior teeth.

## POSTERIOR KIT

## I TNPOSKIT

Five posterior XTS Composite Instruments specially designed for Class I and II restorations. Available as a kit or individually.


OT $\quad$ Rhomboid-shaped plugger for use Tanner
| TNPLGOT with condensable composite material in posterior restorations.


3 Hollenback
| TNPLGH3
Rectangular-shaped plugger for use with condensable composite material in posterior restorations.


## 5A

| TNPLG5A
Small, round, inverted-cone plugger for use with condensable composite material in posterior restorations.


Small/Medium
Contact Forming
| TNCFIS/M
Rounded cone-shaped paired instrument designed to provide improved contact forming for small/medium Class II restorations.


Medium/ Large Contact Forming | TNCFIM/L

Rounded cone-shaped instrument to provide improved contact forming for medium/large Class II restorations.

[^2]
## COMPOSITE/PLASTIC FILLING INSTRUMENTS

Thin, flexible, highly polished, non-stick, stainless steel blades used for composite placement and contouring.

GOLDSTEIN FLEXI-THIN COMPOSITE INSTRUMENTS

\#1
| CIGFT1
Small universal style with rounded plugger tip and a narrow paddle
Handle options: \#41, \#6, \#8
for initial placement and contouring of Class I, II, and III restorations.

\#2
| CIGFT2
Handle options:
\#41, \#6

Larger universal style for final placement and contouring of Class I, II, and III restorations.


## \#3

Extra-Flex
| CIGFT3
Handle options \#41,\#6, \#8

Flexible, reversed, flared paddle design for shaping and placement of Class III and IV restorations.

\#4 Flexible, paired, offset, paddle-shaped Extra-Flex
| CIGFT4
Handle options:
\#41,\#6 blades for placing and shaping material on posterior, mesial and distal surfaces. Reverse angle is also useful for placing and shaping anterior bonded restorations.

\#5
Flexi-Thin
| CIGFT5

Small reverse angle tips make it easy to place fissures, grooves and pits creating the ideal occlusal anatomy in hard to reach posterior areas.

\#6
Flexi-Thin | CIGFT6

Large reverse angle tips make it easy to place fissures, grooves and pits creating the ideal occlusal anatomy in hard to reach posterior areas.


## Mini 1

| CIGFTMINI1
Handle options: \#41, \#6

Mini version of the CIGFT1 for small pits and fissures, tunnel preparations or minor tooth defects on lower anteriors.


Mini 3
Extra-Flex
| CIGFTMINI3
Mini version of the CIGFT3. Can also be used for packing gingival retraction cord
Handle options:
\#41, \#6, \#8


## Mini 4

Extra-Flex
| CIGFTMINI4
Handle options:
Mini version of the CIGFT4 for placing and shaping material in difficult to access mesial and distal posterior restorations.

## COMPOSITE/PLASTIC FILLING INSTRUMENTS



AB1 Boghosian
| PFIAB1
Handle options: \#41, \#6

Unique combination of thin, knife-shaped blade with standard angled blade. Knife blade allows controlled, efficient manipulation of composite even in gingival areas. Application: Class III, IV, V


AB2
Boghosian
| PFIAB2
Used for measuring composite layers and shaping occlusal anatomy.


W3
| PFIW3
Handle options: \#41, \#6, \#8

Combination of medium-sized blade with small condenser tip for universal adaptability. Ideal for placement, layering, and general contouring. Application: Class I, II, III, IV, V


## Interproximal Carver

| CVIPC
Handle options: \#41, \#6, \#7, \#8

Extremely thin flexible blades are opposed for easy handling of composite materials and interproximal contouring. Application: Class III, IV, V


3
Tufts
| CI6001

Combination of medium-sized blade with small condenser tip for universal adaptability. Ideal for placement, layering, and general contouring. Application: Class I, II, III, IV, V


A6
(156)
| PFIA6
Handle options: \#41, \#6, \#7, \#8

Large, thin blades are opposed for adaptability to any situation, including veneers, where broad contouring or carving strokes are needed. Application: Class II, III, IV, V


4F
Tufts
| CI6056
.

Reverse double-end blades with ideal width and length for initial placement and carving of composite. Can also be used for packing gingival retraction cord.

Application: Class III, IV

Off-angled blades allow easy adaptability to mesial and distal surfaces of posterior teeth, providing increased interproximal access and better visibility of the working area. Application: Class II, V


Available as Dietschi Composite Kit, Cassette (PFIDDCASS)*, Dietschi Composite Kit, \#8 Handle, Cassette (PFIDDCASS8).

Dietschi
Composculp 1/2
| PFIDD1/28
\#8 Resin Handle
| PFIDD1/2
Satin Steel Handle


Dietschi Composite 3/4
| PFIDD3/48
\#8 Resin Handle
| PFIDD3/4
Satin Steel Handle


Dietschi Composite 5/6
| PFIDD5/68
\#8 Resin Handle
| PFIDD5/6
Satin Steel Handle


Dietschi Composite 7/8
| PFIDD7/88
\#8 Resin Handle
| PFIDD7/8
Satin Steel Handle


Dietschi
Composite 9/10
| PFIDD9/108
\#8 Resin Handle
| PFIDD9/10
Satin Steel Handle

A
Cosmetic Contouring
| CCIA
Identical, opposing, large, flexible, oval-shaped blades, straight and angled, for contouring composite material on larger facial surfaces of central incisors.


B
Cosmetic Contouring
| CCIB
Identical, opposing, spear-shaped blades, straight and angled, used for contouring composite material on smaller facial surfaces of central incisors.


F
Cosmetic Contouring | CCIF

Uniquely-shaped blades with curved and rounded tips for adding and shaping composite material on desired areas of facial incisors.


## D

Cosmetic Contouring
| CCID

Used when working near or at interproximal areas. Straight end compacts composite material, while sharp knife edge cuts composite to avoid bonding to adjacent tooth.


## E <br> Cosmetic Contouring <br> | CCIE

Small and medium curved blades for thinning and shaping composite material at the gingival areas.


G
Marginal Ridge \& Embrasure Shaping Instrument
| CCIG

Allows formation of marginal ridges along with buccal and lingual embrasures while composite is uncured.


H
Occlusal Anatomy Instrument | CCIH

Designed to help attain proper occlusal form, function and improve marginal seal.

POSTERIOR

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AB2 | Interproximal | $2{ }^{2}$ u-Friedy | 49 | 21 | 21B | PKT-3R |
| Boghosian | Off-angle | Hu-Friedy | Baldwin | Burnisher | Burnisher | Rounded-cone |
| \| PFIAB2 | \| CVIPCOA | \| PFIHF2 | \| PFI49 | \| BB21 | \| BB21B | \| PKT3R |
|  |  |  |  | Handle options: \#41, \#6 | Handle options: <br> \#41, \#6, \#8 | Handle options: \#41, \#6 |

UNIVERSAL




For all classes where a small, thin, delicate instrument is
Goldstein 1
| CIO145 needed in combination with a small, rounded plugger tip. Thinness of the blade allows for easy manipulation into the gingival sulcus.

Goldstein 2
Used for final placement in Class I and II restorations.
The larger rounded plugger is for condensing and shaping
| CIO150
in Class I, II and lingual surfaces of anterior teeth.

Goldstein 3
| CIO155

Reverse double-end blades are mainly for initial placement and shaping of composite in full veneer bonding, Class III and IV. Also indicated for packing gingival retraction cord.


Goldstein 4
| CIO160
Identical paired blades for placing and shaping material on the mesial and distal surfaces of posterior teeth.

Goldstein
Mini 1
| CIO165
$1 / 3$ smaller and thinner than Goldstein 1 . Extremely small, rounded ends are excellent for placing and contouring difficult to reach restorations, small Class I and III restorations with minimal interproximal space.

| Goldstein | $1 / 3$ smaller and thinner than Goldstein 3. For reaching smaller, <br> Mini 3 |
| :--- | :--- |
| tighter areas such as lower incisors or deciduous teeth. |  |
| M CIO175 | Excellent for packing gingival retraction cord around lower |
| anteriors and tight sulcular areas. |  |

# FELT ANODIZED ALUMINUM COMPOSITE INSTRUMENTS 

Black lightweight non-stick instruments


Felt 1
Small triangular plugger for accurate compression into the
| CIO115 cavity preparation. Shorter, wider blade for placing composite material in a Class II restoration.

Felt 2 Longer blade angled for Class III, IV and $V$ restorations. | CIO120 Small triangular plugger for accurate compression into the cavity preparation.

Felt $3 \quad$ Narrow blade end for Class III, IV and V restorations.
| CIO125 Small triangular plugger for accurate compression into the
cavity preparation.


Felt 4
Reverse double-end medium sized blades facilitate
CIO130 placement of composite materials in full veneer bonding Class III and IV restorations.


Felt $5 \quad$ Larger round plugger for condensing, and medium blade size
| CIO135 for shaping larger Class I, II and V restorations.


Felt 6
Smaller rounded plugger for condensing, and small blade for
| CIO140 contouring small Class I and III restorations with limited access.


Cutting instruments need to be kept sharp. Hu-Friedy offers sharpening services for all cutting instruments.

Used to refine the cavity preparation.
Forming line angles on anterior preparations.

## CHISELS

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1/2 <br> Wedelstaedt <br> [20-15-3] | 3/4 <br> Wedelstaedt [11.5-15-3] | 5/6 <br> Wedelstaedt <br> [15-15-3] | 7/10 Straight [20] [15] | 8/9 Binangle [20-9-8] | 11/12 Binangle [15-8-8] | 40/41 <br> Binangle $[18-10-16]$ |
| \| CP $1 / 2$ | \| CP3/4 | \| CP5/6 | \| CP7/10 | \| CP8/9 | \| CP11/12 | \| CP40/41 |



Used to produce proper bevel on enamel margins. Similar to a hatchet
except the blade is curved and the cutting edge angled.


| 28 | 29 |
| :--- | :--- |
| [10-95-7-14] | [10-80-7-14] |
| Distal | Mesial |
| \| MT28 | \| MT29 |
| Handle options: | Handle options: |
| \#41, \#6, \#9 | \#41, \#6, \#9 |

ANGLE FORMERS
For defining line angles, obtaining retentive form in dentin and placing bevels on enamel margins.


77/78
[15-95-8-12]
Distal
| MT77/78
80
[15-80-8-12] Mesial
| MT79/80

Most margin trimmers are available heavy.
Specify:
| MT26H
Handle: \#6
| MT27H
Handle: \#6
| MT28H
Handle: \#6
| MT29H
Handle: \#6
| MT77/78H
| MT79/80H


EverEdge instruments were designed to be consistently sharp, ensuring efficiency and more predictable clinical outcomes.

## EXCAVATORS

For removal of carious dentin.

## SPOONS



E 1
[12-9-15]
| EXCE1
Handle options:
\#41, \#6


E2
[15-9-15]
| EXCE2
Handle options:
\#41, \#6


E3
[25-9-15] | EXCE3

Handle options: \#41, \#6, \#7, \#8, \#9

19
| EXC19
Handle options: \#41, \#6, \#7, \#8


1.5 mm


18
| EXC18

14
| EXC14

17

| EXC17 Handle options: \#41, \#6, \#7, \#8, \#9
 \#6 \#7


6
| EXC6


The following spoons are available heavy:
| EXC17H
Handle options: \#41, \#6, \#7
| EXC17WH
Handle options:
\#41, \#6
| EXC18H
Handle options: \#41. \#6. \#7
| EXC18WH
Handle options:
\#41, \#6
| EXC19H
Handle options:
\#41, \#6, \#7
| EXC19WH
Handle: \#41


OVAL SPOONS


19W
| EXC19W

220/221
Darby-Perry
| EXC220/1
Handle options:
\#41, \#6


English pattern excavators have a flat face, compared to the curved face of spoon excavators.

## PLACEMENT INSTRUMENTS

Used to place base or liner within cavity preparations.



Goldstein Micro Placement Instrument | TNGMPI

XTS coated placement instrument comprised of 2 fine working ends; one end of the instrument is at a $90^{\circ}$ angle while the other is at a $110^{\circ}$ angle making helpful in applying small amounts of tints or opaquers.


Calcium Hydroxide Placer
| PICH
Handle options:
\#41, \#6, \#8


6061
Mini Spatula/
Placer
| SP6061
Handle options:
\#41, \#6


10
Novatech Placer
| PINT10

Calcium hydroxide or glass ionomer base/liner placement instrument combined with a mini-spatula for efficient mixing.

11 Novatech Placer | PINT11T
Shown at $125 \%$ size

Designed with both small and large placing ends in order to increase efficiency when applying various amounts of base material (such as resin modified glass ionomer).

Calcium hydroxide or glass ionomer base/liner placement instrument. Also useful as a small burnisher.

AMALGAM CARRIERS
Used to carry and dispense amalgam filling materials.

## CF ${ }^{\circledR}$ II AMALGAM CARRIERS

SYNCOTETM ${ }^{\text {M }}$ coating eliminates clogging. It prevents abrasion of the barrel's inner surface and keeps amalgam particles from interfering with dispensing action
MiSTAL

## STANDARD AMALGAM CARRIER

Shown at 75\% size.

Amalgam Carrier DE
| 23690
Regular/Large


Promptly remove excess material before autoclave steam sterilization. Cold sterilization solutions are NOT recommended. They contain chemicals that may adversely affect the performance of the CF'C II Carrier.

## PLUGGERS/CONDENSERS

Pluggers shown are all non-serrated unless otherwise specified.




Small diameter, non-serrated tips are ideal for packing composite material.


AMALGAM FILES \& PAPER FORCEPS

AMALGAM FILES
Used for finishing gingival margins.




Interproximal
| CVIPC
Handle options:
\#41, \#6, \#7, \#8

Extremely thin, flexible blade; ideal for interproximal contouring.

Interproximal Off-Angle
| CVIPCOA

Extremely thin, flexible blade. Off-angle provides better access to posterior areas.


3 S
Hollenback
| CVHL3S
Design characteristics similar to $1 / 2$ Hollenback but with slightly larger blades.
Handle options:
\#41, \#6, \#7


3
Hollenback
Design characteristics similar to 1/2 Hollenback but with significantly larger blades.
| CVHL3


8
Wiland
| CVWI86
Handle options:
\#41, \#6, \#7

Extremely thin curved blade; ideal for adapting to interproximal surfaces.

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

## DISCOID-CLEOIDS




Anatomical
Carver
| CVTCA/B


Adapts to natural tooth curvature and left and right-side dental anatomy. Concave edge reduces mesial and distal flash on margins. Convex side is a conventional cleoid carver.


Discoid-Cleoid
Carver
| CVTCC/D

arvor

E
Tungsten Carbide Knife
| CVtce


Used for trimming excess filling material, flash, and overhangs.

TC Carvers easily remove orthodontic bracket adhesives and are ideal for carving amalgam and composite materials.


The Novatech Cement Remover (CRNT12) is perfect for removing cement from all types of ceramic and temporary restorations.

## AMALGAM KNIVES \& CEMENT REMOVERS

Used for trimming excess filling material, flash and overhangs.


12
Novatech
Cement
Remover
| CRNT12

Combines a sickle-shaped scaler with a flat blade for removal of excess resin, cement, or porcelain flash. The narrow chisel removes excess interproximal material with a push stroke.


Designed to condense, smooth, carve and polish amalgam.

| 18 | $26 / 27$ S | $27 / 29$ | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| \| BB18 | \| BB26/27S | \| BB27/29 | \| BB2SE |
| Handle options: | Handle options: | Handle options: |  |
| $\# 41, \# 6$ | $\# 41, \# 6$ | $\# 41, \# 6, \# 7, \# 8$ |  |


| 2 | $2 / 29$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Double-End | \| BB2/29 |
| \| BB2DE |  |

"Acorn" shaped working ends are excellent for carving occlusal anatomy.


Protects tissue during cavity preparations such as air abrasion and composite placement and finishing.


Retracting gingiva with 2 Meinershagen (GRM2)


Kincheloe | GRK1


GF10 Goldman-Fox | TRGF10

The concave crescent shape of the gingival retractors conform to root surfaces and gingival tissues. Also useful for placement of rubber dam around the cervical margins of teeth.

4 Meinershagen | GRM4 For all molars.



For maxillary and mandibular premolars and canines. Also maxillary lateral incisors.

## 2

Meinershagen
| GRM2
Meinershagen | GRM1



3
Meinershagen
| GRM3
For maxillary
central incisors and wide canines.



For atraumatic and accurate cord placement.


BN1 Thin blade and rounded contour facilitates use in both thick and thin tissues without | GCPBN1 catching or dropping cord. Bilateral notch allows placement in limited access areas.


## CROWNS

Used for dental restoration.

## STAINLESS STEEL PEDO CROWNS

- Pre-trimmed and crimped, for quick and simple placement
- Accurate occlusal anatomy that mimics the natural tooth
- Ideal occlusal thickness, offering superior resilience to abrasion and perforation
- Soft, adaptable gingival margin and lateral areas for simpler and effortless trimming and crimping, if needed

PEDO CROWN REFILLS
(5 Refills Per Box)

| Upper Left Primary 1st \#2 Refill | \| SSC-ULD2 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Upper Left Primary 1st \#3 Refill | \| SSC-ULD3 |
| Upper Left Primary 1st \#4 Refill | \| SSC-ULD4 |
| Upper Left Primary 1st \#5 Refill | \| SSC-ULD5 |
| Upper Left Primary 1st \#6 Refill | \| SSC-ULD6 |
| Upper Left Primary 1st \#7 Refill | \| SSC-ULD7 |
| Upper Right Primary 1st \#2 Refill | \| SSC-URD2 |
| Upper Right Primary 1st \#3 Refill | \| SSC-URD3 |
| Upper Right Primary 1st \#4 Refill | \| SSC-URD4 |
| Upper Right Primary 1st \#5 Refill | \| SSC-URD5 |
| Upper Right Primary 1st \#6 Refill | \| SSC-URD6 |
| Upper Right Primary 1st \#7 Refill | \| SSC-URD7 |
| Lower Left Primary 1st \#2 Refill | \| SSC-LLD2 |
| Lower Left Primary 1st \#3 Refill | \| SSC-LLD3 |
| Lower Left Primary 1st \#4 Refill | \| SSC-LLD4 |
| Lower Left Primary 1st \#5 Refill | \| SSC-LLD5 |
| Lower Left Primary 1st \#6 Refill | \| SSC-LLD6 |
| Lower Left Primary 1st \#7 Refill | \| SSC-LLD7 |
| Lower Right Primary 1st \#2 Refill | \| SSC-LRD2 |
| Lower Right Primary 1st \#3 Refill | \| SSC-LRD3 |
| Lower Right Primary 1st \#4 Refill | \| SSC-LRD4 |
| Lower Right Primary 1st \#5 Refill | \| SSC-LRD5 |
| Lower Right Primary 1st \#6 Refill | \| SSC-LRD6 |
| Lower Right Primary 1st \#7 Refill | \| SSC-LRD7 |


| Upper Left Primary 2nd \#2 Refill | \| SSC-ULE2 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Upper Left Primary 2nd \#3 Refill | \| SSC-ULE3 |
| Upper Left Primary 2nd \#4 Refill | \| SSC-ULE4 |
| Upper Left Primary 2nd \#5 Refill | \| SSC-ULE5 |
| Upper Left Primary 2nd \#6 Refill | \| SSC-ULE6 |
| Upper Left Primary 2nd \#7 Refill | \| SSC-ULE7 |
| Upper Right Primary 2nd \#2 Refill | \| SSC-URE2 |
| Upper Right Primary 2nd \#3 Refill | \| SSC-URE3 |
| Upper Right Primary 2nd \#4 Refill | \| SSC-URE4 |
| Upper Right Primary 2nd \#5 Refill | \| SSC-URE5 |
| Upper Right Primary 2nd \#6 Refill | \| SSC-URE6 |
| Upper Right Primary 2nd \#7 Refill | \| SSC-URE7 |
| Lower Left Primary 2nd \#2 Refill | \| SSC-LLE2 |
| Lower Left Primary 2nd \#3 Refill | \| SSC-LLE3 |
| Lower Left Primary 2nd \#4 Refill | \| SSC-LLE4 |
| Lower Left Primary 2nd \#5 Refill | \| SSC-LLE5 |
| Lower Left Primary 2nd \#6 Refill | \| SSC-LLE6 |
| Lower Left Primary 2nd \#7 Refill | \| SSC-LLE7 |
| Lower Right Primary 2nd \#2 Refill | \| SSC-LRE2 |
| Lower Right Primary 2nd \#3 Refill | \| SSC-LRE3 |
| Lower Right Primary 2nd \#4 Refill | \| SSC-LRE4 |
| Lower Right Primary 2nd \#5 Refill | \| SSC-LRE5 |
| Lower Right Primary 2nd \#6 Refill | \| SSC-LRE6 |
| Lower Right Primary 2nd \#7 Refill | \| SSC-LRE7 |



## CROWN REMOVERS

## GOLDSTEIN CROWN REMOVERS

For permanent removal of crowns by breaking the seal between tooth and crown after sectioning with a bur. The special right angle handles are designed to torque the crown itself instead of destructive forces typically applied to the tooth which can lead to fracture.

Goldstein
Crown Remover Straight
| GCRO
For anterior
crown removal.

Goldstein
Crown Remover $45^{\circ}$ Angle
| GCR45
For cuspids, bicuspids and even first molars.

## 



Goldstein
Crown Remover Occlusal
| GCROS
For occlusal
separation especially in hard-to-remove crowns that have been bonded to


Goldstein
Crown Remover
Right Angle
| GCR90
For molars.



Crown Spreader | CRSPR


Curved Veneer Stabilizer | VENSTAB

Straight Veneer Stabilizer | VENSTABS


Inlay/Onlay Instrument
| IL/OL

Interproximal Scaler
| NTIPC

## Interproximal

 Knife| NTIPK

## NASH/TAYLOR ESTHETIC INSTRUMENTS

The Nash/Taylor Esthetic Instrument Kit (NTEIK) is 15 instruments and an IMS Signature Series ${ }^{\bullet}$ cassette that have been designed to exacting specifications for creating veneer restorations.

Temporary
Veneer
Remover
| NASTACR

Nash/Taylor Replacement Hammer
| CRH

Nash/Taylor Replacement Shaft
| CRS

Nash/Taylor Replacement Tip
| CRTC

## SPATULAS

Used to mix and load cement and other materials into crowns or inlay/onlay preparations.


The CSNT6 loading end makes it efficient to load temporary, or final cements into the prepared tooth or restoration.


## 24 Flexible

$13 / 4$ "
(44 mm)
| CS24
Handle options:
\#41, \#6
Flexible blade for mixing medium body cements.

## 324 Rigid 2"

( 51 mm )
Rigid blade for mixing heavier or medium body cements.
| CS324


5 Novatech Long/Fluted
| CSNT5

Long, flexible spatula to mix medium body cements. Tapered fluted end scoops and loads mixed cement into crowns.

6 Novatech Long/Blade | CSNT6

Combines the long, flexible spatula from (CSNT5) with an angled blade end to carry and load cement into a single crown or an inlay preparation.

7 Novatech Short/Blade
| CSNT7

Short, rigid spatula for heavy cements.
Blade end used to place cements or shape temporary restorations.

8 Novatech Long
| CSNT8

Single-end long spatula. Large circumference
handle offers more rapid, even mixing.
Same spatula as (CSNT5) and (CSNT6).

## 9 Novatech

Short
| CSNT9

Single-end short spatula.
Large circumference handle for even mixing.
Same spatula as (CSNT7).

## SPATULAS \& KNIVES

## SPATULAS

For mixing materials and general laboratory use.


Waxing Spoon and Spatula
| LWSS

\#31 Wax
Spatula
| SPT31


## 7 Tapered

| LS7


## 8R Rigid

| LS8R

## KNIVES

For mixing materials and general laboratory use.

> Hu-friedy - USA

## 5A Knife

| OK5A

## MEASURING DEVICES \& WAX CARVERS



## P.K. THOMAS WAXING INSTRUMENTS

Used for waxing procedures and techniques.


PKT-3R
Rounded Cone
Similar to PKT-3, but with a rounded tip vs. a pointed one.
| PKT3R


PKT-5
| PKT5
Special carver used to remove excess wax as cusp ridges are developed; its contour maintains desired convexity at these ridges.

Caution: Do not expose instruments to temperatures in excess of $350^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 176.6^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Repeated heating to extreme temperatures and cooling may cause instrument failure or breakage.


1 Shaw Waxing Instrument
| SHAW1


2 Shaw Waxing Instrument
| SHAW2


3 Shaw
Carver
| SHAW3
4 Shaw
Burnisher
| SHAW4


7 Shaw Spatula
| SHAW7

Caution: Do not expose instruments to temperatures in excess of $350^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 176.6^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Repeated heating to extreme temperatures and cooling may cause instrument failure or breakage.

## CHU'S AESTHETIC GAUGES

Chu's Proportion Gauge (PROGS) is used for quick measurements during a crown lengthening procedure.


Proportion

Gauge
1 Handle,
2 T-Bar Tips,
2 Inline Tips

- Provides quick diagnosis of tooth proportion
- Provides results and reduces chairside adjustment time
- Easy to read-reduces visual fatigue

Crown
Lengthening

## Gauge

1 Handle, 2 BLPG Tips,
2 Papilla Tips
| PROGS
Satin Steel Handle
| PROG
Resin Handle
| CLGS
Satin Steel Handle
| CLG
Resin Handle

- Precise color-coded measurements
- Provides quick measurements and better results
- Easy to read, reduces visual fatigue


## Sounding

Gauge
| SOUNDGS
Satin Steel Handle
| SOUNDG
Resin Handle


CHU'S AESTHETIC GAUGESTM SET

## \| SCHUSET

Satin Steel Handle

- 1 Proportion Gauge
- 1 Crown Lengthening Gauge
| CHUSET
Resin Handle


## REFILLS

Proportion and Crown Lengthening Gauge Satin Handle
Proportion and Crown Lengthening Gauge Resin Handle
T-Bar Replacement Tips (3 Tips)
Inline Replacement Tips (3 Tips)
BLPG Replacement Tips (3 Tips)
Papilla Replacement Tips (3 Tips)

- 1 Sounding Gauge
- 1 IMS Cassette


[^0]:    See index for all available part codes of a specific pattern.

[^1]:    * TNCANTSET includes TNCCIA, TNCCIB, TNCCIC, TNCCID, TNCCIE and TNCCIF
    ** TNCPOSSET includes TNCCIG, TNCCIH and TNCCII
    $\cdots$...TNCSET includes TNCCIA, TNCCIB, TNCCIC, TNCCID, TNCCIE, TNCCIF, TNCCIG, TNCCIH and TNCCII

[^2]:    * TNANTKIT includes TNCIGFT3, TNCIGFTMII, TNCIPCS, TNCIPCM and TNCIPCL
    ** TNPOSKIT includes TNPLGOT, TNPLGH3, TNPLG5A, TNCFIS/M and TNCFIM/L

